

DIED ON THE ROAD

Corpse of J. R. Smith Found
Just West of Guthrie.

HE HAD BEEN DEMENTED

Is Supposed to Have Succumbed
to the Heat.

Guthrie, O. T., July 24.—What was first thought to be the dead body of an unknown tramp was discovered yesterday evening by two ladies of this city who were driving along a road about a mile west of Guthrie. The ladies were naturally frightened at the unaccounted sight, but retained sufficient presence of mind to drive back to the city and give information to the proper officials. The body was afterwards brought to the city by the sheriff and laid out in an undertaking establishment. It was dressed in a rough suit of clothing and the face was fearfully swollen and black. In the dead man's pocket was a letter of recommendation signed by T. P. Rodgers, county commissioner of Shawnee county, Kan., and a letter addressed to "J. R. Smith, Topeka, Kan." The letter was evidently written by the wife of the dead man, and spoke of their daughter, who would meet him in Guthrie. The proprietor of a restaurant testified before the coroner's jury this morning that the dead man applied at the back door of his restaurant yesterday morning for something to eat. This afternoon Giles T. Eubanks, a carpenter, called at the undertaker's establishment and identified the body as that of his son-in-law, J. R. Smith of Topeka. It was the first information he had had that Smith had left his home in Topeka, where he had been kept under a sort of surveillance because of his mental condition. He said that Smith visited him here about three years ago and for seven months he had been an inmate of the asylum at Norman. His wife lives at Wewoka, I. T., and had expected to meet her husband here in August. There were no marks of violence discovered on the dead man's person and the supposition is that he was overcome by heat while walking along the road.

WILL STICK TO TRIESTE

Dewey Declines All Offers to Go Into the Interior.

New York, July 24.—A dispatch to the World from Trieste says: "Admiral Dewey has formally declined United States Minister Harris' invitation to visit several interesting points in the interior of Austria. At the dinner given by the minister to the admiral last Friday evening, the latter was cordially invited to go to Vienna for a few days, at the minister's guest, afterwards to be presented to Emperor Francis Joseph at Innsbruck and then spend some time recuperating in the Austrian Tyrol. The admiral promised to take the invitation under consideration and give his answer at the dinner about the 20th inst. at which he entered the city. The admiral said he was already in good health and it will soon restore the officers and men. From here we will go to Genoa." According to this, the admiral will sail for Genoa next week, Thursday, August 3.

IN BEHALF OF MOLENEUX

His Attorneys Move to Inspect Grand Jury Minutes.

New York, July 24.—Notice was served today on Assistant District Attorney Osborne by counsel for Roland B. Molineux that application will be made tomorrow before Judge Blanchard for permission to inspect the minutes of the grand jury that indicted Molineux for the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams. Mr. Osborne will strenuously oppose the application.

Racing at Eldon Tomorrow.

Eldon, O. T., July 24.—Arrangements are completed for a very interesting matinee on Wednesday, July 25. The recent weather has about the track to it in excellent condition. Some of the best racing that will take place in Oklahoma this year will be seen here Wednesday. Major Rick Messall and R. A. Wald, who have charge of the Schiller lodge, are doing everything in their power to make this matinee a success, both in point of low

STOP WOMEN

from exercising common sense? You can't do it. As the old rhyme says:

"The man's a fool who tries to force or kill
To turn the corner of a woman's will
For if he will, she will, she will depend on
And if she won't take work, there's an end on"

Common sense tells a woman that when she's sick she needs a doctor.

Common sense tells a woman that in disease the first question is not of man or woman, but of recognized medical authority.

Common sense tells a woman that if she is invited to write to a woman because she is a woman and understands women, she will show the women so appealed to, that it's no use to write to any woman about disease unless that woman is a physician.

Common sense used in the reading of advertisements will discover that no claim is made in them to a physician's knowledge or diploma. And that is not because the claim would be morally culpable as a fraud, but because it would be legally punishable as a fraud. The law permits you to masquerade as a doctor in an advertisement, just so long as you don't actually claim to be a doctor, or put M. D. after your name. That's why the advertisement is worded, "write to a woman" instead of "write to a doctor."

Common sense has brought more than half-a-million women, afflicted with some form of female disease, to Dr. R. V. Pierce as one of the most expert physicians in the United States in the treatment of female diseases. Dr. Pierce is a specialist. He has given more than thirty years of active practice to the treatment of female diseases. Dr. Pierce is not a "physician" by courtesy. He is a physician regularly graduated, legally empowered to practice and with thirty years of experience in the treatment of diseases of women, which he has made his specialty.

The offer of free consultation by letter made by Dr. Pierce is a real offer, an honest offer. It is an offer backed by a medical institution, with a staff of nearly a hundred graduate physicians, a practice which reaches every state in the Union and a record of more than half-a-million women treated and ninety-eight out of every hundred perfectly cured.

Write to a doctor. That's the next thing. The woman's doctor, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Still More Counterfeiting.

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LYNCHING AS AN INDUSTRY

Thrives Tremendously in Decatur and Early Counties, Ga.

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Have You Been Sick?

Perhaps you have had the grippe or a hard cold. You may be recovering from malaria or a slow fever; or possibly some of the children are just getting over the measles or whooping cough.

Are you recovering as fast as you should? Has not your old trouble left your blood full of impurities? And isn't this the reason you keep so poorly? Don't delay recovery longer but

Take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It will remove all impurities from your blood. It is also a tonic of immense value. Give a little help at this time. Aid her by removing all the products of disease from your blood.

If your bowels are not just right, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will make them so. Send for our book on Diet in Constipation.

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GREEN OF INGERSOLL

As Lawyer, Soldier and Lecturer, by Turns.

ALWAYS SHY OF POLITICS

How His "Plumed Knight" Speech Made Him Famous.

Robert G. Ingersoll was born in Dresden, a small town in the western part of New York, on August 11, 1833. His father was a Congregational clergyman, who never dwelt long in one place. Five children were born in the family. These were John, Ruth, Mary, Clark, and Robert. When the youngest of the children was three years old he was baptized in a theater in New York City. The elder Ingersoll was conducting services there because the church of which he was pastor had been destroyed by fire.

The father of Robert G. Ingersoll was not strictly orthodox and his views on the Bible subjects often brought him trouble. This was one of the reasons why he moved so much. When Robert was ten years old his father came west. He then dwelt with his mother in New York. He remained there only a short time, then came west again. That time he settled in Wisconsin, but not for long, and back to the east he went again. In a short time he came west once more, this time to the southern part of Illinois, near Shawneetown.

The eldest of the children, John, was sent to Yale College and thence to a theological seminary to prepare for the ministry. He afterwards gave up preaching and became a physician and settled in Wisconsin for the practice of medicine. The two other boys, Clark and Robert, did not go to college. When Robert had finished the courses in the common schools both studied law. Clark was admitted to the bar first, and when Robert was twenty years old he too was admitted. Then the brothers, who were inseparable companions, opened a law office in Shawneetown.

In these days before the war Robert, as well as his brother, was a Democrat. He was considered a "good fellow" in Shawneetown, where it was looked upon as the proper thing to do to "drink whisky and damn the niggers." Clark went into politics and was elected to the legislature and afterwards to congress. Robert moved to Peoria in 1857 and became leaders among the young Democrats there.

In 1860 Robert was nominated for congress against "Burr" Kellogg in the Peoria district. He made a brilliant campaign, but was beaten. That was the last time he ran for office.

In 1862 he went to war as colonel of the Eleventh Illinois cavalry. After a year and a half of fighting he changed his political views, and renounced his allegiance to the Democratic party. He changed his views generally, about this time, and before he died he was a total abstainer from intoxicating drinks.

Before his change of political faith he had attracted attention by his utterances against some of the teachings of the churches, and had written his famous attacks on John Calvin in the form of a lecture, entitled, "Heresies and Heresies." In 1863 his brother Charles sent him to Peoria to succeed Owen Lovejoy, Robert remaining in Peoria to practice the law. In 1866 he was appointed to the position of attorney general of Illinois by Governor Oglesby. In 1868 he was desirous of the nomination for governor. His candidacy never amounted to anything serious, although his friends have said that if he had been willing to make concessions he could have succeeded. Others of his friends have said if he had not been such a conspicuous and active agnostic he could have been governor.

The next point in his career that attracted attention was when he appeared in the national Republican convention in Cincinnati in 1872, and made a brilliant speech in nominating James G. Blaine for president. It was in this speech he described Blaine as the "Plumed Knight," and from then his reputation as an orator was made. The next year he was offered the position of minister to Germany, so his biographers say, but declined it.

As a lawyer his most distinguished effort was as counsel for the defendants in the great "star route" conspiracy to defraud the government in contracts for carrying the mail. The celebrated trial ended in 1883 with a legal victory for Ingersoll and his associates. It was the reason of the acquittal of the defendants.

Since that time he had been a lecturer, having abandoned the law for the more profitable work of lecturing about the country on Bible subjects. He has been regarded as the foremost lecturer in the United States, as judged by the size of the crowds that went to hear and the profits from admission fees charged. Some of the best known of his lectures were: "Some Mistakes of Moses," "The Gods," "Brains and the Bible," and "What Must We Do to be Saved?"

In 1882 he married Miss Eva Parker, the daughter of a farmer of Cass County, Mo. She has been his companion in nearly all of his travels about the country. They have two children, daughters. One of them is married and the later years of Ingersoll's life were made happy by the companionship of two grandchildren. His home, after his success in the lecture platform, was made in New York.

His activity as a lecturer did not diminish with years. While it was a question whether his popularity was declining, he continued to attract large audiences.